

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

WASHINGTON, D.C.

In the Matter of)

ORDER TO PAY

CAPE BANK)
CAPE MAY COURT HOUSE,)
NEW JERSEY)

CIVIL MONEY PENALTY

(INSURED STATE NONMEMBER BANK))

FDIC -12-486k

CAPE BANK, CAPE MAY COURT HOUSE, NEW JERSEY ("Bank"), has been advised of its right to receive a NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT OF CIVIL MONEY PENALTY, FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, ORDER TO PAY, AND NOTICE OF HEARING ("NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT") issued by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") detailing the violations for which a civil money penalty may be assessed against the Bank pursuant to the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, 42 U.S.C. § 4012a, as amended by the National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994, 42 U.S.C. §§ 4001-4129 (collectively the "Flood Act"), section 8(i)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act ("FDI Act"), 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i)(2), and Part 339 of the FDIC's Rules and Regulations, 12 C.F.R. Part 339 ("Part 339"), and has been further advised of its right to a hearing on the charges under the Flood Act, 42 U.S.C. § 4012a(f)(4), section 8(i)(2) of the FDI Act, 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i)(2), and Part 308 of the FDIC's Rules of Practice and Procedure, 12 C.F.R. Part 308.

Having waived those rights, the Bank entered into a STIPULATION AND CONSENT TO THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER TO PAY CIVIL MONEY PENALTY ("CONSENT AGREEMENT") with a representative of the Legal Division of the FDIC, whereby solely for the purpose of this proceeding, and without admitting or denying any violations, the Bank consented and agreed to pay a civil money penalty in the amount of \$17,250 related to the violations of the Flood Act and Part 339.

The FDIC has reason to believe that the Bank committed the following violations of the Flood Act and Part 339:

(a) the Bank violated 12 C.F.R § 339.7 on 72 occasions by failing to properly notify borrowers when flood insurance expired; and

(b) the Bank violated 12 C.F.R § 339.7 on 67 occasions by failing to timely force place flood insurance on the borrower's behalf when insurance was not obtained by the borrower within 45 days after notification to the borrower.

After taking into account the CONSENT AGREEMENT, the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the financial resources and good faith of the Bank, the gravity of the violations by the Bank, the history of previous violations by the Bank, and such other matters as justice may require, the FDIC accepts the CONSENT AGREEMENT and issues the following:

ORDER TO PAY CIVIL MONEY PENALTY

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that CAPE BANK, CAPE MAY COURT HOUSE, NEW JERSEY, be, and hereby is, assessed a civil money penalty of \$17,250 pursuant to the Flood Act, section 8(i)(2) of the FDI Act, 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i)(2), and Parts 308 and

339 of the FDIC's Rules and Regulations, 12 C.F.R. Parts 308 and 339. The Bank shall pay the civil money penalty to the Treasury of the United States.

This Order to Pay Civil Money Penalty shall be effective upon issuance.

Issued pursuant to delegated authority.

Dated this 25th day of October, 2012.

By:

Scott D. Strockoz
Deputy Regional Director
New York Regional Office
Division of Depositor and Consumer Protection