

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

WASHINGTON, D.C.

In the Matter of	)	
	)	
Queen L. Lewis, an institution-affiliated party of	)	
Truist Bank	)	ORDER OF PROHIBITION FROM
Charlotte, North Carolina	)	FURTHER PARTICIPATION
(Insured State Nonmember Bank)	)	
	)	FDIC-25-0088e
	)	
Respondent's NMLS UI# 1376177	)	
	)	
	)	
	)	

Queen L. Lewis (Respondent) and Respondent's counsel were advised of the right to receive a Notice of Intention to Prohibit from Further Participation (Notice) detailing Respondent's violations of law and regulation for which an Order of Prohibition from Further Participation (Prohibition Order) may be issued under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e).

Respondent was further advised of the right to a hearing on the Notice under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e) and 12 C.F.R. Part 308, subparts A & B. Respondent waived certain rights under those provisions on June 10, 2025, and consented to the issuance of the Prohibition Order by entering into a Stipulation and Consent to the Issuance of an Order of Prohibition from Further Participation (Consent Agreement) with a representative of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation's (FDIC) Legal Division.

The FDIC determined and Respondent neither admits nor denies the following:

1. From July through August of 2020, while a branch banker at Truist Bank, Charlotte, NC (Bank), Respondent applied for Small Business Administration Economic Injury

Disaster Loans (EIDL) for multiple businesses. Respondent made misrepresentations in the EIDL applications and used the proceeds for personal expenses.

2. As described in paragraph 1, Respondent violated the law and regulation.
3. As a result of Respondent's violations, Respondent received financial gain.
4. Respondent's violations involved personal dishonesty.

The FDIC accepts the Consent Agreement and issues the following:

**ORDER OF PROHIBITION FROM FURTHER PARTICIPATION**

5. Queen L. Lewis is prohibited from:
  - a. participating in any manner in the conduct of the affairs of any financial institution or organization listed in 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e)(7)(A);
  - b. soliciting, procuring, transferring, attempting to transfer, voting, or attempting to vote any proxy, consent, or authorization with respect to any voting rights in any financial institution enumerated in 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e)(7)(A);
  - c. violating any voting agreement previously approved by the appropriate Federal banking agency; and
  - d. voting for a director or serving or acting as an institution-affiliated party.
6. The Prohibition Order is effective upon issuance and will remain effective and enforceable until the FDIC, and any "appropriate Federal financial institutions regulatory agency," defined at 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e)(7)(D), decide in writing to modify, terminate, suspend, or set aside the Order under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(e)(7)(B).
7. The Prohibition Order is enforceable under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(i), and any violation of the Prohibition Order may result in additional penalties under 12 U.S.C. § 1818(j).
8. The Prohibition Order does not waive any right, power, or authority of the United

States; federal, state, or local agencies; or the FDIC as Receiver.

Issued under delegated authority.

Dated: February 17, 2026.

/s/  
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Nicholas F. Ties  
Acting Associate Director  
Division of Risk Management Supervision